## Dixieland

Dixieland jazz originated in New Orleans during the 1930's combining marching band instrumentation, for example: trumpets, clarinets, trombones and tuba with the traditional banjo and blues singing.

## Ragtime

Ragtime jazz became very popular in North America towards the end of the 19<sup>th</sup> Century. The bouncy, syncopated rhythms and memorable tunes which characterise this style were traditionally played on the banjo and performed at Minstrel shows. Scott Joplin (1867-1917) became the most famous Ragtime composer.

#### **Blues**

Blues developed from the struggles of survival during the period of African Slavery across North America in the 1900's. The songs often contained sad lyrics, feelings of nostalgia and a longing for the homeland. Blues became a major influence in the development of modern Jazz; the 12-bar blues chord progression and the blues scales are present in many jazz styles of today.

## Bebop

Bebop jazz developed during the 1940's. This style is very distinguishable from other types of jazz because it is based on very fast tempos and extremely virtuosic improvisations; there is less emphasis on melodic content and more emphasis on harmony. Some notable performers of this style included:

Charlie Parker (1920-1955) and Thelonious Monk (1917-1982)

# Bluegrass

Bluegrass jazz was influenced by three genres: British folk tradition, American Blues and Ragtime. This style was also developed during the 1940's. Some notable performers included: Bill Monroe (1911-1996), Jimmy Martin (1927-2005) and the Bluegrass Boys (Bill Keith on Banjo, Peter Rowan on acoustic guitar and lead singer, and Richard Greene on the fiddle)

#### Ballads

Ballads are love songs which can be sung or played. Miles Davis (1926-1991) became very famous for playing Ballads on the trumpet. Some examples include: It never entered my mind, Autumn leaves, Moon dreams, I waited for you; all recorded during the 1950's.

#### **Latin**

Latin Jazz is influenced by cultures from South America, Africa and the Caribbean. The rhythmic patterns demonstrate a strong swing beat created by a mixture of dotted notation, syncopation and polyphony, combined with traditional Jazz harmonies. Other styles which have emerged from Latin jazz include: bossa, Samba, Salsa, and Merengue.